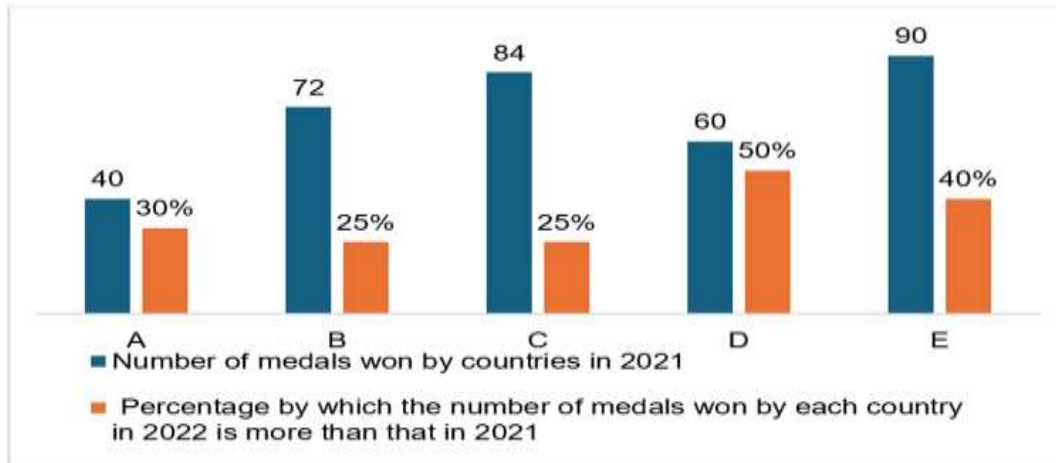


## MATH PAPER TEST 7}

**Directions [Set of 6 Questions]:** Answer the questions based on the information given below.

The bar graph given below shows the number of medals won by five countries in 2021 and it also shows the percentage by which the number of medals won by each country in 2022 is more than that in 2021.

Note: For each country, total number of medal won = number of medal won in 2021 + number of medal won in 2022



**Q1.** Find the difference between the total number of medals won by 'C' and 'E'.

- A.40 B.27 C.23 D.32 E.53

**Q2.** Find the ratio of the number of medals won by 'B' in 2021 to the number of medals won by 'D' in 2022.

- A.5:6 B.4:5 C.3:4 D.2:3 E.8:9

**Q3.** Find the average number of medals won by 'C', 'D' and 'E' in 2022.

- A.102 B.107 C.121 D.90 E.81

**Q4.** The ratio between the number of gold, silver and bronze medals won by 'E' in 2021 and 2022 is 4:3:11 and 2:2:3, respectively. Find the total number of gold medals won by 'E' in 2021 and 2022. (Note: Total medals = gold medals + silver medals + bronze medals)

- A.64 B.66 C.48 D.56 E.46

**Q5.** The number of medals won by 'B' in 2022 is how much percentage more than the number of medals won by 'A' in 2021?

- A.90% B.125% C.150% D.80% E.75%

**Q6.** In 2021, the number of medals won by 'F' is 20% more than that won by 'E' and the total number of medals won by 'F' in both years is 40% more than that won by 'D'. Find the number of medals won by 'F' in 2022.

- A.114 B.102 C.124 D.94 E.106

**Q7.** In the questions, two equations I and II are given. You have to solve both the equations to establish the correct relation between x and y and choose the correct option.

I.  $x^2 - 32x + 112 = 0$

II.  $y^2 + 20y + 99 = 0$

A.  $x > y$  B.  $x < y$  C.  $x = y$  or the relationship cannot be established

D.  $x \geq y$  E.  $x \leq y$

**Q8. I.**  $x^2 - 28x + 192 = 0$

II.  $y^2 - 45y + 500 = 0$

A.  $x > y$  B.  $x < y$  C.  $x = y$  or the relationship cannot be established

D.  $x \geq y$  E.  $x \leq y$

**Q9.** 'U' is 40% more efficient than 'V', who can complete 40% of the total work in 16 days. Find the time taken by 'U' to complete the whole work alone.

- a. 35 days b. 28 days c. 14 27 days d. 28 47 days e. 30 days

**Q10.** Ritu and Raj together start a business by investing Rs. 12,000 and Rs. 15,000 respectively. Ritu invests her sum for 9 months. If, at the end of the business, Ritu gets Rs. 9000 out of a total profit of Rs. 21500, then find the number of months for which Raj invests his sum.

- A.11 months B.12 months C.6 months D.8 months

E.10 months

**Q11.** On a particular day, the probability that Ram goes to school is  $(3/5)$  and the probability that Shyam goes to school is  $(2/3)$ . Find the probability that neither Ram nor Shyam goes to school.

- A.  $(1/2)$  B.  $(4/5)$  C.  $(1/3)$  D.  $(4/9)$  E.  $(2/15)$

**Q12.** Esha can cover 60 km in 6 hours, while Rasha can cover 80 km in 5 hours. If the distance between Esha and Rasha is 104 km and both are travelling towards each other, then find the time taken by them to meet each other.

- A.5 hours B.3 hours C.8 hours D.4 hours E.2.5 hours

**Q13.** The area of a rectangle is  $120 \text{ cm}^2$ . The ratio between the length and breadth is 6:5 respectively. If the side of the square is 8 cm less than the sum of the length and breadth of the rectangle, then find the area of the square.

- A.144  $\text{cm}^2$  B.196  $\text{cm}^2$  C.324  $\text{cm}^2$  D.256  $\text{cm}^2$  E.100  $\text{cm}^2$

**Q14.** The speed of the boat in still water is 15 km/hr more than the speed of the stream. The boat can cover 105 km downstream in 5 hours. Find the time taken by the boat to cover 270 km in still water.

- A.18 hours B.10 hours C.15 hours D.12 hours E.8 hours

**Q15.** The following numbers form a series. Find the odd one out.

48, 51, 59, 66, 78, 93

- A.48 B.66 C.59 D.78 E.93

**Q16)** 22, 26, 32, 44, 50, 62

- A.44 B.22 C.26 D.50 E.62

**Q17)** 8, 17, 37, 71, 143, 287

- A.37 B.17 C.71 D.143 E.287

**Q18)** 5, 11, 17, 26, 37, 50

- A.11 B.5 C.26 D.37 E.50

**Q19)** 17, 19, 22, 27, 34, 43

- A.17 B.43 C.19 D.22 E.27

**Q20.** What will come in the place of question mark (?) in the given expression?  $(90 \div 18) \times 24 + (320 \div 64) = ?^3$

- A.6 B.10 C.5 D.8 E.9

**Q21.**  $\{(56 \times 12) \div 24\} + 30\% \text{ of } 140 = ?$

- A.32 B.56 C.70 D.90 E.80

Q22.  $(35^2 - 25^2) \% \text{ of } 18 + \sqrt{144} = ?$

A.150 B.140 C.20 D.120 E.100

Q23.  $\sqrt{(45\% \text{ of } 320 + 16^2)} = ?$

A.22 B.12 C.20 D.16 E.24

Q24.  $70\% \text{ of } 300 - 20\% \text{ of } 45 - 30\% \text{ of } 70 = ?$

A.144 B.240 C.120 D.210 E.180

Q25.  $\{[(9^2 + 3^2) \div 18] + \sqrt{100}\} \times 6 = ?$

A.126 B.50 C.64 D.90 E.32

Q.26.  $(85 \div 17) + 4^2 + 40\% \text{ of } 70 = ?^2$

A.8 B.3 C.7 D.2 E.10

Q27.  $(64 \div 4^2) \times (8532) \times (5617) = ?$

A.40 B.70 C.35 D.24 E.10

Q28..  $(103 + 3^3) \% \text{ of } 40 + 2^3 = ?$

A.60 B.30 C.50 D.20 E.10

Q29.  $\{(34 \times 55) \div 187\} + 30\% \text{ of } 40 = ?$

A.20 B.25 C.32 D.22 E.18

Q30. Ramu received a total amount of Rs. 89600 on investing Rs. 56,000 on simple interest at 'r'% p.a. for 5 years. Find the value of 'r'.

A.10 B.15 C.12 D.16 E.14

Q31. The marked price of an item is Rs. 560, and it is sold after giving a discount of 14 27%. On selling the item, there is a profit of 9 111%. Find the amount by which the item was marked above its cost price.

A.Rs. 110 B.Rs. 100 C.Rs. 120 D.Rs. 130 E.Rs. 140

Q32. The average of the present age of 'B' and 'C' is 32 years. 4 years ago from now, the ratio of ages of 'B' and 'C' was 15:13 respectively. Find the present age of 'C'.

A.28 years B.34 years C.32 years D.30 years E.35 years

Q33. In 2019, Tina spent 40% of her income, and in 2020, her income increased by 30%. In 2020, she spent 30% of her income. Find the percentage change in her savings.

a. 33% increased b. 60 23% increased c. 51 23% increased d. 40% increased e. None of these

Q34. The average mark of a class of 50 students is 60. The marks of two students are calculated as 56 and 46 instead of 65 and 64. Find the correct average marks of the class.

A.60.80 B.61.20 C.59.80 D.60.54 E.59.46

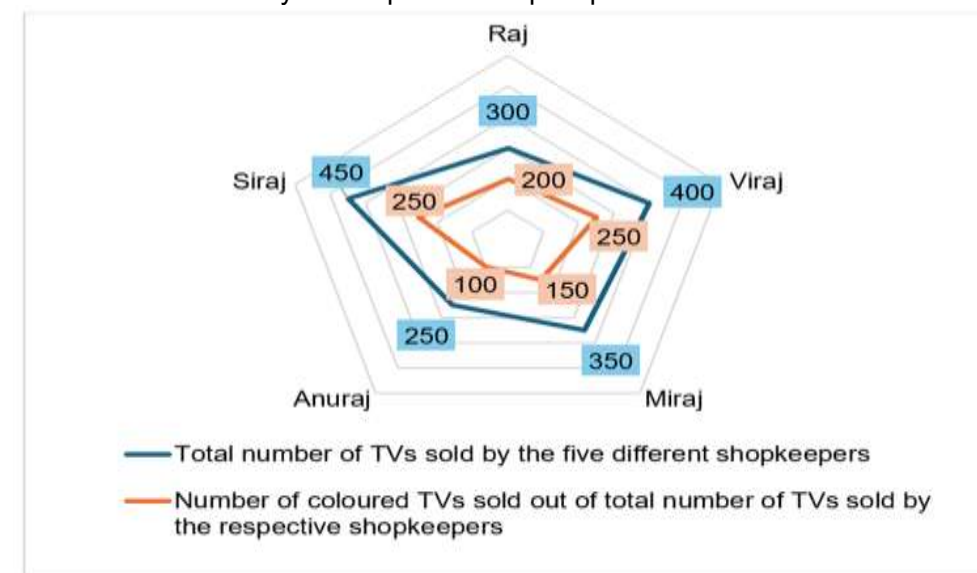
Q35. The ratio of milk and water in a mixture is 3:1, respectively. When 21 ml of water is added to the mixture, the ratio of milk to water becomes 9:10. Find the initial quantity of the mixture.

A.63 ml B.54 ml C.27 ml D.45 ml E.36 ml

**Directions [Set of 5 Questions]: Answer the questions based on the information given below.**

The radar chart given below shows the total number of TVs sold by the five different shopkeepers, and it also shows the number of coloured TVs sold out of the total

number of TVs sold by the respective shopkeeper.



Note: Total number of TVs sold by each shopkeeper = Number of colour TVs sold + Number of monochrome TVs sold

Q36. Find the ratio between the number of monochrome TVs sold by Viraj to that sold by Anuraj. A.3:2 B.1:2 C.2:1 D.1:1 E.2:3

Q37. Find the average number of colour TVs sold by Raj, Viraj and Miraj. A.100 B.200 C.220 D.180 E.240

Q38. The number of monochrome TVs sold by Miraj is how much percentage of the total number of TVs sold by Anuraj?

A.90% B.60% C.75% D.80% E.125%

Q39. If the selling price of a colour TV and a monochrome TV is Rs. 5,000 and Rs. 2,500, respectively, then find the total amount generated by Siraj on selling all the TVs. A.Rs. 17,00,000 B.Rs. 14,50,000 C.Rs. 17,50,000 D.Rs. 16,50,000 E.Rs. 15,50,000

Q40. The number of colour TVs sold by another person Giriraj is 30% more than that sold by Raj and the number of monochrome TVs sold by him is 48% more than that sold by Raj. Find the total number of TVs (colour and monochrome) sold by Giriraj.

A.306 B.402 C.408 D.312 E.360

**1.B Solution**

For 'A',  
 Number of medals won in 2021 = 40  
 Or, number of medals won in 2022 = 40 X 1.3 = 52  
 So, total number of medals won = 40 + 52 = 92  
 Similarly,

Country	Number of medals won in 2021	Number of medals won in 2022	Total number of medals won
A	40	52	92
B	72	90	162
C	84	105	189
D	60	90	150
E	90	126	216

So, required difference = 216 - 189 = 27  
 Hence, option b.

2B  
 Required ratio = 72:90 = 4:5  
 Hence, option b.

3.B  
 Required average = (105 + 90 + 126) ÷ 3 = 107  
 Hence, option b.

4.D  
 Number of gold medals won by 'E' in 2021 = 90 X (4/18) = 20  
 Number of gold medals won by 'E' in 2022 = 126 X (2/7) = 36  
 So, required number of medals = 20 + 36 = 56  
 Hence, option d.

5.B  
 Required percentage = {(90 - 40) / 40} X 100 = 125%  
 Hence, option b.

6.B  
 Total number of medals won by 'F' in both years = 150 X 1.4 = 210  
 Number of medals won by 'F' in 2021 = 90 X 1.2 = 108  
 So, number of medals won by 'F' in 2022 = 210 - 108 = 102  
 Hence, option b.

**7.A Solution**

From I:  
 $x^2 - 32x + 112 = 0$   
 $x^2 - 28x - 4x + 112 = 0$   
 $x(x - 28) - 4(x - 28) = 0$

$(x - 28)(x - 4) = 0$   
 So, 'x' = 28 or 4  
 From II:  
 $y^2 + 20y + 99 = 0$   
 $y^2 + 11y + 9y + 99 = 0$   
 $y(y + 11) + 9(y + 11) = 0$   
 $(y + 11)(y + 9) = 0$   
 So, 'y' = -11 or -9

'x'	Relationship	'y'
28	>	-11
28	>	-9
4	>	-11
4	>	-9

So,  $x > y$   
 Hence, option a.

**8.B Solution**

From I:  
 $x^2 - 28x + 192 = 0$   
 $x^2 - 16x - 12x + 192 = 0$   
 $x(x - 16) - 12(x - 16) = 0$   
 $(x - 16)(x - 12) = 0$   
 So, 'x' = 16 or 12  
 From II:  
 $y^2 - 45y + 500 = 0$   
 $y^2 - 25y - 20y + 500 = 0$   
 $y(y - 25) - 20(y - 25) = 0$   
 $(y - 25)(y - 20) = 0$   
 So, 'y' = 25 or 20

'x'	Relationship	'y'
16	<	25
16	<	20
12	<	25
12	<	20

So,  $x < y$   
 Hence, option b.  
 Previous

**9.D**

**Solution**  
 Let the efficiency of 'V' be 5x units/day  
 So, the efficiency of 'U' = 5x X 1.4 = 7x units/day

Total time taken by 'V' to complete the work =  $16 \times (100/40) = 40$  days

So, total work =  $40 \times 5x = 200x$  units

So, the required number of days =  $(200x/7x) = 28\frac{4}{7}$  days

Hence, option d.

10.E

**Solution**

Let the number of months for which Raj invests his sum be 'x' months

So, the ratio of profit of Ritu and Raj, respectively,

$$= \{(12,000 \times 9) : (15,000 \times x)\}$$

$$= 36:5x$$

The amount of profit received by Raj =  $21500 - 9000 = \text{Rs. } 12500$

ATQ,

$$(36/5x) = (9000/12500)$$

$$\text{Or, } (1/x) = (250/2500)$$

$$\text{Or, 'x' } = 10$$

Hence, option e.

11.E

**Solution**

The probability that Ram does not go to school =  $1 - (3/5) = (2/5)$

The probability that Shyam does not go to school =  $1 - (2/3) = (1/3)$

So, required probability =  $(2/5) \times (1/3) = (2/15)$

Hence, option e.

12.D

**Solution**

Speed of Esha =  $(60/6) = 10$  km/hr

Speed of Rasha =  $(80/5) = 16$  km/hr

So, relative speed =  $10 + 16 = 26$  km/hr

So, required time =  $(104/26) = 4$  hours

Hence, option d.

13.B

**Solution**

Let the length and the breadth of the rectangle be  $6x$  cm and  $5x$  cm respectively.

Area of the rectangle = length  $\times$  breadth

$$\text{So, } 120 = 6x \times 5x$$

$$\text{Or, } 120 = 30 \times x^2$$

$$\text{Or, } 4 = x^2$$

$$\text{So, 'x' } = 2$$

So, side of the square =  $(6 \times 2 + 5 \times 2) - 8 = 14$  cm

So, required area =  $14 \times 14 = 196$  cm<sup>2</sup>

Hence, option b.

14.C

**Solution**

Let the speed of the boat in still water and the speed of the stream be 'x' km/hr and 'y' km/hr, respectively.

So,  $(x - y) = 15$  km/hr.....(I)

So, downstream speed of boat =  $(x + y)$  km/hr

So,  $(105/5) = (x + y)$

Or,  $21 = x + y$ .....(II)

From equation (I) and (II),

Or, 'x' =  $(15 + 21) / 2 = 18$  km/hr

So, required time =  $(270/18) = 15$  hours

Hence, option c.

Previous

15.C

**Solution**

$$48 + 3 \times 1 = 51$$

$$51 + 3 \times 2 = 57$$

$$57 + 3 \times 3 = 66$$

$$66 + 3 \times 4 = 78$$

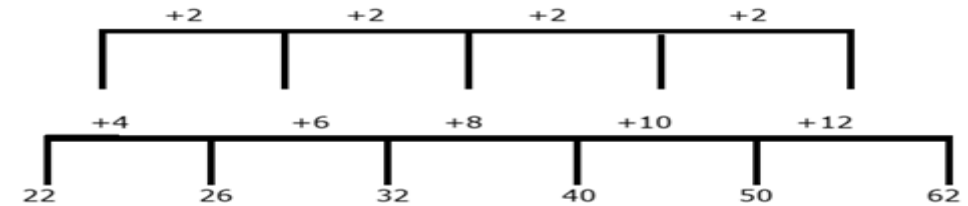
$$78 + 3 \times 5 = 93$$

Therefore, 57 should come in place of 59

Hence, option c.

16.A

**Solution**



Therefore, 40 should come in place of 44

Hence, option a.

17.A

**Solution**

$$8 \times 2 + 1 = 17$$

$$17 \times 2 + 1 = 35$$

$$35 \times 2 + 1 = 71$$

$$71 \times 2 + 1 = 143$$

$$143 \times 2 + 1 = 287$$

Therefore, 35 should come in place of 37.

Hence, option a.

18.A

**Solution**

$$2^2 + 1 = 5$$

$$3^2 + 1 = 10$$

$$4^2 + 1 = 17$$

$$5^2 + 1 = 26$$

$$6^2 + 1 = 37$$

$$7^2 + 1 = 50$$

Therefore, 10 should come in place of 11.

Hence, option a.

19.B

**Solution**

The given series follows the pattern of addition of consecutive prime numbers.

$$17 + 2 = 19$$

$$19 + 3 = 22$$

$$22 + 5 = 27$$

$$27 + 7 = 34$$

$$34 + 11 = 45$$

Therefore, 45 should come in place of 43.

Hence, option b.

20.C

**Solution**

$$(90 \div 18) \times 24 + (320 \div 64) = ?^3$$

$$5 \times 24 + 5 = ?^3$$

$$120 + 5 = ?^3$$

$$125 = ?^3$$

$$? = 5$$

Hence, option c.

21.C

**Solution**

$$\{(56 \times 12) \div 24\} + 30\% \text{ of } 140 = ?$$

$$28 + 0.30 \times 140 = ?$$

$$28 + 42 = ?$$

$$? = 70$$

Hence, option c.

22.D

**Solution**

$$(35^2 - 25^2) \% \text{ of } 18 + \sqrt{144} = ?$$

$$(1225 - 625) \% \times 18 + 12 = ?$$

$$6 \times 18 + 12 = ?$$

$$108 + 12 = ?$$

$$? = 120$$

Hence, option d.

23.C

**Solution**

$$\sqrt{(45\% \text{ of } 320 + 16^2)} = ?$$

$$\sqrt{(0.45 \times 320 + 256)} = ?$$

$$\sqrt{(144 + 256)} = ?$$

$$\sqrt{400} = ?$$

$$? = 20$$

Hence, option c.

24.E

**Solution**

$$70\% \text{ of } 300 - 20\% \text{ of } 45 - 30\% \text{ of } 70 = ?$$

$$0.70 \times 300 - 0.2 \times 45 - 0.3 \times 70 = ?$$

$$210 - 9 - 21 = ?$$

$$210 - 30 = ?$$

$$? = 180$$

Hence, option e.

25.D

**olution**

$$[\{(9^2 + 3^2) \div 18\} + \sqrt{100}] \times 6 = ?$$

$$[\{(81 + 9) \div 18\} + 10] \times 6 = ?$$

$$[\{90 \div 18\} + 10] \times 6 = ?$$

$$[5 + 10] \times 6 = ?$$

$$? = 90$$

Hence, option d.

26.C

**olution**

$$(85 \div 17) + 4^2 + 40\% \text{ of } 70 = ?^2$$

$$5 + 16 + 0.40 \times 70 = ?^2$$

$$21 + 28 = ?^2$$

$$49 = ?^2$$

$$? = \pm 7$$

Hence, option c.

27.C

**Solution**

$$(64 \div 4^2) \times (85/32) \times (56/17) = ?$$

$$(64 \div 16) \times (85/32) \times (56/17) = ?$$

$$4 \times 5 \times 1.75 = ?$$

$$? = 35$$

Hence, option c.

28.A

**Solution**

$$(103 + 3^3) \% \text{ of } 40 + 2^3 = ?$$

$$(103 + 27) \% \times 40 + 8 = ?$$

$$1.3 \times 40 + 8 = ?$$

$$52 + 8 = ?$$

$$? = 60$$

Hence, option a.

29.D

**Solution**

$$\{(34 \times 55) \div 187\} + 30\% \text{ of } 40 = ?$$

$$\{(1870) \div 187\} + 0.3 \times 40 = ?$$

$$10 + 12 = ?$$

$$? = 22$$

Hence, option d.

30.C

**Solution**

We know that, simple interest =  $\{(principal \times rate \times time) / 100\}$

Interest received by Ramu =  $89600 - 56000 = Rs. 33600$

So,  $(56,000 \times r \times 5) / 100 = 33600$

Or,  $2800 \times r = 33600$

So,  $r = 12$

Hence, option c.

31.C

**Solution**

Selling price of the item =  $Rs. 560 \times (6/7) = Rs. 480$

So, the cost price of the item =  $Rs. 480 \times (11/12) = Rs. 440$

So, the required amount =  $560 - 440 = Rs. 120$

Hence, option c.

32.D

**Solution**

Let the age of 'B' and 'C' 4 years ago be  $15x$  years and  $13x$  years respectively.

So, the present age of 'B' =  $15x + 4$  years

Or, the present age of 'C' =  $13x + 4$  years

ATQ,

Or,  $15x + 4 + 13x + 4 = 32 \times 2$

Or,  $28x = 64 - 8$

Or,  $28x = 56$

So,  $x = 2$

So, required age =  $13 \times 2 + 4 = 30$  years

Hence, option d.

33.C

**Solution**

Let the income of Tina in 2019 be  $Rs. 100x$

So, the savings of Tina in 2019 =  $100x \times 0.6 = Rs. 60x$

Or, the income of Tina in 2020 =  $100x \times 1.3 = Rs. 130x$

So, the savings of Tina in 2020 =  $130x \times 0.7 = Rs. 91x$

So, required change =  $\{(91x - 60x) / 60x\} \times 100 = 51 \frac{2}{3} \% \text{ increased}$

Hence, option c.

34.D

**Solution**

The sum of the marks of all students =  $50 \times 60 = 3000$

So, the correct sum of the marks of all students =  $3000 - (56 + 46) + (65 + 64) = 3027$

So, the required average =  $3027 \div 50 = 60.54$

Hence, option d.

35. E

**Solution**

Let the initial quantity of milk and water in mixture be  $3x$  ml and  $x$  ml respectively.

ATQ,

$\{3x / (x + 21)\} = (9/10)$

Or,  $30x = 9x + 189$

Or,  $21x = 189$

So,  $x = 9$

So, the required quantity of the mixture =  $3x + x = 4 \times 9 = 36$  ml

Hence, option e.

36.D

**Solution**

For Raj,

Total number of TVs sold = 300

So, number of monochrome TV sold =  $300 - 200 = 100$

Similarly,

Shopkeeper	Total number of TVs sold	Number of colour TVs sold	Number of monochrome TVs sold
Raj	300	200	100
Viraj	400	250	150
Miraj	350	150	200
Anuraj	250	100	150
Siraj	450	250	200

Required ratio =  $150:150 = 1:1$

Hence, option d.

37.B

So, the required average =  $(200 + 250 + 150) \div 3 = 200$

Hence, option b.

38.D

So, the required percentage =  $(200/250) \times 100 = 80\%$

Hence, option d.

39.C

So, required amount =  $(5000 \times 250 + 2500 \times 200) = Rs. 17,50,000$

Hence, option c.

40.C

Number of colour TVs sold by Giriraj =  $200 \times 1.3 = 260$

The number of monochrome TVs sold by Giriraj =  $100 \times 1.48 = 148$

So, the required number of TVs =  $260 + 148 = 408$

Hence, option c.